Rasmussen, F., "Protracted Secretory Otitis Media. The Impact of Familial Factors and Day-Care Center Attendance," International Journal of Pediatric Otorhinolaryngology 26: 29-37, 1993.

The authors of this study assessed the potential impact of various familial factors, day-care attendance and passive smoking on the incidence of protracted secretory otitis media (SOM) in a cohort of 1306 Swedish children followed from birth to age seven. The authors reported that children with siblings who had the same health problem were at four times the risk of SOM and children who attended a day-care center 12 or more months during the first four years of life had 2.6 times the risk of SOM. The authors reported that "no association was found between parents' smoking habits and the incidence of protracted SOM."

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